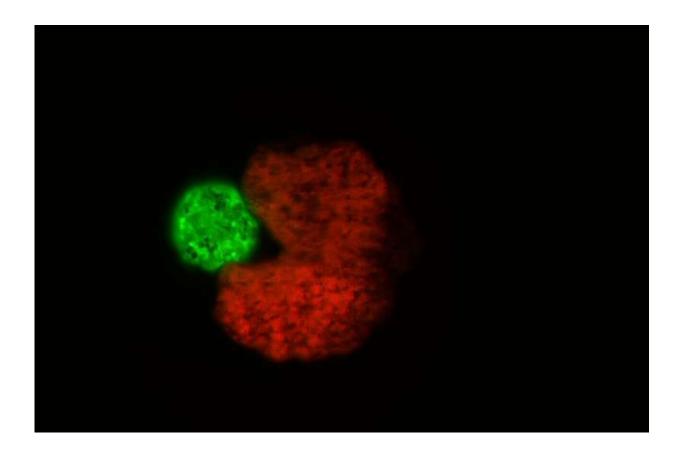
Best of Last Week – New dinosaur species, living robots that reproduce, protection afforded by people wearing masks

December 6 2021, by Bob Yirka



An AI-designed, Pac-Man-shaped "parent" organism (in red) beside stem cells that have been compressed into a ball—the "offspring" (green). Credit: Douglas Blackiston and Sam Kriegman It was a good week for biological science, as a team at Universidad de Chile, discovered <u>a new dinosaur species with a unique slashing tail</u>. About the size of a dog, it had seven pairs of "blades" positioned sideways like a slicing weapon. And a team with members from several institutions in the U.S. and Canada found that <u>ocean plastic is creating new communities of life on the high seas</u>, most specifically in the North Pacific Subtropical Gyre, aka the "Great Pacific Garbage Patch." Also, unfortunately, a team with members from the University of Copenhagen and the Norwegian University of Science and Technology found that <u>the</u> <u>Norwegian wolf has gone extinct</u>. The wolves now living in Norway are all Finnish, the team found, as part of the largest genetic study of wolves done in the world.

In technology news, a team with members from Tufts University, Harvard University and the University of Vermont built what they described as <u>the first living robots that can reproduce</u>. Called xenobots, the Pac-Man-shaped robots can mass together and create new baby bots. Also, a combined team from Ruhr-Universität Bochum and Niederrhein University of Applied Sciences <u>identified 14 new types of attacks on</u> <u>web browsers</u>. And a team at the University of Edinburgh developed <u>an</u> <u>artificial-neural-network-based model that can automatically generate</u> <u>film trailers</u>. Also, a team at MIT developed <u>a machine-learning model</u> <u>that could one day allow robots to understand interactions the ways</u> <u>humans do.</u>

In other news, Stephane Bancel, CEO of Moderna, told the press that <u>existing COVID-19 inoculations will struggle against the fast-spreading</u> <u>omicron variant</u>. A team at the University of California, Davis announced that they had developed <u>a jelly-like type of ice cube that does</u> <u>not melt or grow mold</u>.

And finally, a team at Max Planck Institute for Dynamics and Self-Organization found that <u>three meters between people is not enough</u> distance to prevent infection, but if both people wear masks, the risks drop dramatically.

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