Best of Last Week—New way to detect lies, a hybrid unicycle, plastic rocks found on remote island

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The vehicle created by the researchers and its different modes of operation. Credit: Zheng et al, *arXiv* (2023). DOI: 10.48550/arxiv.2303.00668

It was a good week for biology and human behavior research as a team at

the University of Amsterdam's Leugenlab discovered <u>a new way to</u> <u>approach lie detection</u>—studying the words while ignoring the behavior surrounding them. Also, a team with members from Indiana University, Loyola University Chicago and the University of Alabama, found that <u>healthy men who have vaginal sex have a distinct urethral microbiome</u>. During intercourse, some of the microbes in the vagina migrate into the male's urethral tract. And a pair of animal behaviorists with the Australian National University wondered <u>why do animals living with</u> <u>humans evolve such similar features?</u> Ben Gleeson and Laura Wilson came up with a new theory that suggests it has more to do with loss of preexisting characteristics than taking on new ones due to the presence of humans.

In technology news, a team of environmentalists at the University of South Australia proposed a strategy for developing <u>environmentally</u> <u>friendly ways of getting rid of solar panels at the end of their useful life</u>, which involves introducing incentives to make them more recyclable. A team with members from Switzerland, the U.S. and Sweden <u>cracked a</u> <u>metal 3D-printing conundrum</u>, possibly propelling the technology toward wider application. While testing particle accelerators and X-ray beams, they learned more about how combined metals behave as they cool. Also, a combined team from Jiangnan University and Tsinghua University, developed <u>a photocatalyst that can produce hydrogen</u> <u>peroxide from oxygen and water</u>. And a team of engineers at Zhejiang University designed and built <u>a hybrid unicycle</u> that can move on the ground and also fly.

In other news, a team of medical scientists at the Institute for Systems Biology used deep-learning models to <u>more accurately predict variations</u> <u>of biological BMI than traditional measures of BMI alone</u>, an approach that could lead to a more useful representation of metabolic health. Also, a team of geologists from several institutions in Brazil discovered <u>plastic</u> <u>rocks on Trindade island</u>, off the coast of Brazil. The island is one of the remotest on the planet and shows the extent to which plastics have traveled. And finally, a team of medical scientists at the University of Helsinki, developed <u>a nasal spray that protects against coronavirus</u> <u>infection</u>, including recent immune-evasive variants.

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